

SISTER SHIP OF ST. LOUIS TOTAL WRECK

Cruiser Milwaukee Ashore in Eureka Bay, Abandoned by Crew and Pounding in Shallow Water, Pronounced Beyond Help

MEN SAVED AND ONLY ONE SLIGHTLY INJURED

Flagship of Destroyer Flotilla Engaged in Salvaging of Wrecked Submarine When Accident Occurred Which Wrecks Her Too

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
EUREKA, California, January 14.—Abandoned by her crew, the members of which were rescued only through the hard work of shore parties, the cruiser Milwaukee is ashore near the entrance to Eureka Bay, pounding upon the sands and likely to become a total wreck within a few hours.

The cruiser was engaged in salvage operations when she struck, having been maneuvered in close to the shore in order to assist in the work of attempting to refloat the submarine H-3, which went ashore at almost the same point during a fog on December 14.

Shortly after the Milwaukee was beached, the receding tide left her in a precarious position. The big ship keeled over, throwing her on her beam, while the waters roughened, causing the ship to smash herself against the sands with each receding wave.

BEACH FIRES AS LIGHTS
Darkness came and found a number of her crew still aboard the cruiser. In assist in the work of rescue, great brush fires and blazing heaps of timbers were employed, the light from which enabled the shore parties to continue. By eight o'clock the last man was brought ashore in the breeches buoy, the whole crew being rescued in this way without the loss of a man. Only one was in any way injured and his injuries are not serious.

At six o'clock last night, the commander of the cruiser, Lieut. William E. Newton, sent out word to the commandant at Vallejo that the ship would almost certainly become a total wreck unless through some means she could be floated immediately. At that time the ship was pounding heavily, her forward 6-inch guns had been torn loose and thrown over the rail by the pounding and portions of her superstructure had worked loose and been jarred away.

WAS AT RESCUE WORK
The Milwaukee had been carefully worked in to a position where it was thought she could be used for a direct haul on the hull of the H-3, the navigator taking the greatest care as he realized the possibility of danger. This realization did not save the ship, however, the cruiser finally striking and getting beyond immediate control was driven by the tide and wind into waters where she was helpless. The receding tide left her in only twelve feet of water, her normal forward draft being twenty-two feet. As the tide dropped, the cruiser began to heel over and to pound.

RESCUERS AT HAND
Immediately the plight of the ship was noted aboard the other naval vessels engaged in the salvage operations, preparations were put under way to rescue the crew if the necessity arose. The life savers shot a line across the cruiser and arrangements for using the breeches buoy, by means of which the crew of the H-3 were rescued three weeks ago, were completed. Soon after the Milwaukee struck, the work of taking off the crew was begun, the last man being

PERSHING RETURN MAY BE SPEEDY

Suggested in Washington That Force Will Be Withdrawn Within a Few Days

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 14.—General Pershing's punitive expedition may be withdrawn from Mexico within a week, according to a statement made yesterday by Secretary of War Baker. Mr. Baker gave this information to congressmen who inquired of him concerning Mexican affairs. He added that the national guardmen, many of whom have been on the Mexican border for six months or more, will be sent home soon.

The withdrawal of General Pershing's expedition was the principal point insisted upon by the Mexican commissioners during the sitting of the Joint American-Mexican conference for the discussion of this country's relations with the western southern country. In the end it was the rock upon which the commission split, it being announced that the Mexican commissioners would agree to nothing until that point was conceded. Franklin K. Lane, one of the American commissioners, recently announced unequivocally that this point would not be conceded by the United States.

Guard Getting Tired
As regards the national guard on the Mexican border, there has arisen of late a widespread demand that they be released from duty and returned to their homes. It has been represented that the families of many of them were suffering because of the prolonged absence of the breadwinners, and that many of the guardsmen who had business of their own were suffering serious losses through their inability to look after their business.

A few of the regiments originally sent to the border have recently been returned to their homes, but an official statement issued here recently was to the effect that the rest would probably have to remain on the border for several months to come. Appropriations with that idea in view have been asked of congress.

VILLA IS DEFEATED

CITY OF CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, January 14.—A column of Villistas has been defeated sixty miles west of San Rosario and many prisoners were taken by General Gonzales, according to an official announcement made here.

"DRYS" PLAN TO HAVE FRIENDLY CONGRESS
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CHICAGO, January 14.—For the purpose of making plans to elect a "dry" congress in 1918, a call was issued yesterday for a meeting of the Prohibition national committee to be held here next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, January 16, 17 and 18.

Encouraged by their success in several of the States in the election of last November, the leaders of the Prohibition party are hopeful of being able to elect enough members of congress next year to insure the passage of a national prohibition amendment to be submitted to the various States. Plans for work in "dry" States and for a propaganda along national lines will be discussed at the meeting next week and a general campaign will be planned.

'CALL EARLY AND AVOID THE RUSH'

Anybody who wants to see the Governor from now on to the close of the legislative session will have to call in the morning, according to an announcement made at the Capitol yesterday. The Governor says he's going to be busy.

brought ashore by eight o'clock. At that time the cruiser had listed twenty-five feet and hope of saving her had been practically abandoned.

She lies within the first line of breakers.

OTHER SHIPS IN DANGER

The miscalculation which took the Milwaukee to her fate almost resulted in a triple wrecking, the converted monitor Cheyenne and the naval tug Iroquois finding themselves also in dangerous waters when the cruiser went ashore. The Cheyenne had to be carefully handled to take her back into safety.

The Milwaukee is a sister ship of the Charleston and the St. Louis, of 10,839 tons. She carries fourteen 6-inch guns and a normal complement of 727 officers and men. At the time of the accident yesterday her crew was short by seventy men. The Milwaukee was built at the Union Iron Works of San Francisco, having been completed in 1904.

She has been acting as the mother ship of the destroyer force on the Pacific and was the flagship of Comd. C. J. Lang, in command of the torpedo flotilla. Her station has been at the Mare Island naval station.

States May Fix Railroad Rates Inside Own Lines

Judge Landis of Illinois Federal Court So Rules in Most Important Decision

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CHICAGO, January 14.—A decision of far-reaching importance was rendered here yesterday, when Judge Kendall Mountain Landis, of the United States district court here, rendered a decision upholding the authority of States to fix railroad rates within their own borders. In this deciding, Judge Landis overruled the interstate commerce commission, which recently ruled that States had no such authority.

A petition of twenty-six railroads, asking that an injunction be granted preventing the going into effect of a two-cent-a-mile rate fixed by the State of Illinois, was dismissed by Judge Landis on the ground of lack of equity. Several of the States have within the past few years, by the enactment of laws or by rulings of their railroad commissions, fixed the passenger rates that might be charged within their respective borders. The railroads have as a rule contended that the States had no authority in this regard. Judge Landis' ruling is a decided victory for them and a serious blow to the railroads.

PEACE WILL TAKE JOBS FROM MILLIONS

British Preparing To Care For Soldiers and Munition Hands

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 14.—Six million people, men, women and children, now in the employ of the British government will be discharged and thrown out of work upon the end of the war, according to estimates announced here yesterday. This is going to be one of the big problems with which Great Britain will have to deal when the great struggle is finally terminated, and already efforts are being made in advance to find a solution of it.

Practically all of the six million are employed in work connected directly or indirectly with the war. Most of this work will come to an instantaneous stop when the fighting ends, and new lines of employment must be found for the workers. A very large proportion of them are soldiers, but there are great numbers engaged in making munitions, building ships and otherwise providing the materials with which war is waged.

READY TO GUARD BIG GOLD EXCESS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 14.—Amendments to the federal reserve act designed to place the United States on a sound financial basis after the European war comes to an end, no matter what the future brings, will be prepared by the federal reserve board, it was announced here yesterday.

The amendments that have been proposed and which the reserve board is considering provide means, it is declared, of controlling the over-extension of loans based on the accretions of gold holdings in this country, so that the flow back of gold to Europe, South America and the Orient may be arranged with out forcing any disturbance of legitimate business.

Since the European war began, there has been a steady flow of gold into this country from all parts of the world, but particularly from the European countries, both from those at war and from the neutral countries. The United States has become the financial center of the world. After the war there will have to be some equalization of the gold balance, and the amendments being considered by the reserve board are designed to cover the situation that will then arise.

FORMOSAN HEAD HUNTERS RAID JAPANESE COLONY

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKIO, Japan, January 14.—More than 1000 head hunters from the mountain fastnesses of Formosa attacked the sleeping village of Shu Shu Thursday evening and killed six Japanese and wounded many others. The savages carried modern firearms.

On January 6 an earthquake in that region killed thirty residents of Shu Shu and many houses were destroyed. A second shock occurred on January 8, and ten people were killed and thirty houses wrecked. Following this catastrophe, the savages who make their homes in the mountainous country decided that this was the time to act, and the forces were gathered together for the attack.

Japan has been making an effort for a number of years to annihilate the head hunters of Formosa, but the section in which they live is so difficult of access that the soldiers have been unable to stop the ravages of the barbarians. In the last battle the head hunters made a determined fight on the banks of the Mad River.

ANOTHER STEAMER SUNK
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 14.—The Russian steamer Ruby has been sunk, according to a despatch to Lloyd's Agency.

PEACE NOTES AGGRAVATING ALL NATIONS

Berlin and Vienna Denounce Entente Proposals As Hypocritical, Insolent and Arrogant and Not Advanced As Serious

MUST BE CRAZY
SAYS VIENNA PAPER

British and French Writers, For Their Part, Laugh in Scorn At Latest German Note To Neutrals, Declaring It Untruthful

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, January 14.—Scorn and anger throughout the Central Powers over the peace terms expressed in the joint note of the Entente to President Wilson and ridiculed for the latest note from Germany to the neutral Powers, issued contemporaneously with the reply of the Entente to the President, mark the despatches from the various European capitals yesterday.

The joint statement of the Entente, outlining the terms upon which they would consent to a peace, has been received with amazed bitterness in Berlin and Vienna, according to the utterances of the German and Austrian press.

Insolent and Arrogant
The press of Germany is a unit in its denunciation of the joint note of last Thursday. "Arrogant," "insolent," and "hypocritical" are some of the terms used by various newspapers in Berlin and other German cities in referring to the Allies' reply to President Wilson's note requesting information as to their objects.

The Entente nations are treating the Teutons with contempt, the German press charges. Their reply is a slur on the sincerity of the Central Powers and an impugning of their honesty of purpose in proposing negotiations for peace, declare the newspapers.

Will Stiffen Teutons

The Lokal Anzeiger, mouthpiece of the government, in its comment on the Entente note, declares that it is arrogant, insolent, and filled with hypocrisy and pretension. Its effect in Germany, the newspaper predicts, will be only to stiffen the determination of the people to fight on, to change the possible weakness of a few into a firm resolve to carry on the war until victory perches upon the German banners.

Austrians Amazed
The Vienna newspapers are expressing the greatest indignation over the terms which the Entente Allies say they will demand in return for peace.

The statement of the Entente nations that they are fighting for the rights and liberties of the Czechs and Slovaks, who are under Austrian rule, has particularly aroused the wrath of the Austrian press.

"Many subjects of rulers of the Entente nations would be happy," says one of the Vienna papers, "if they could possess the rights and liberties already possessed by the people under Austro-Hungarian rule."

Must Be Crazy

The official opinion in Austria is that the reply of the Entente was intended mainly for home consumption and not as a serious set of proposals to the Central governments.

"The Entente Allies must be on the verge of insanity to advance such an impossible program," states one high official of the Austrian capital.

The Corriere d'Italia, of Rome, expressed the sentiment of a large section of Italian people on the Entente note to Wilson by saying that the reply is a noteworthy step toward peace because it is a statement of the aims of the Allies to stand firmly and press vigorously in bringing the war to a successful conclusion.

Entente Press Sarcastic
The German note of even date with that of the Entente Powers, in which Germany appeals to the Neutral Powers, reiterating the contention that Germany was the victim of the war, and that the out break of hostilities and its fighting for the right to live, has drawn forth the sarcasm of the British and French writers.

An authoritative statement published in the British press gives the British view of the recent Teuton note. This statement repeats the assertion that Germany is responsible for the war, inasmuch as the proposal for a conference was rejected. This refusal, it is pointed out, was given on July 31, 1914, while it was not until July 31 that Russia mobilized. The statement deals at length with the German charge that the proposals of the Allies regarding observance of the rights of small nations, lacked sincerity.

The French press greets the German contention that it is a proposal for a peace conference was made in all sincerity with jeers and ridicule. The Parisian press unite in stating that this latest note is still another attempt by Berlin to confuse the issues and mislead the neutrals.

SOMETHING TO REMEMBER.

In buying a cough medicine for children, bear in mind that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best for colds, croup and whooping cough, and that it contains no harmful drug. For sale by all dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

Germans Allow Exodus From North France

Fifty Thousand Non-Combatants Will Be Permitted To Cross Lines For the South

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, January 14.—In order that the very young and the aged non-combatants and the women in the invaded portions of France may be taken care of during the winter months, the French Government has succeeded in arranging with the government of Germany for a further transportation of this civilian population through the German lines into the unoccupied sections of France. The Germans will make the selection of the ones to be allowed to leave their homes to go where their wants may be looked after by their own people.

A number of such dependents were transported through the German lines during December and through the arrangements just made fifty thousand more in all will be brought south.

Beginning tomorrow the first five hundred will be transported and the work will be kept up until, in batches of five hundred, the entire fifty thousand have been passed.

CONGRESS WILL HEAR FACTS ABOUT "LEAK"

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 14.—Plans for reopening the "leak" inquiry on a broad scale have been agreed upon by house leaders and rules drafted to empower the house rules committee to compel witnesses to testify. New York brokers and Thomas W. Lawson of Boston will be called early in the week. The house has adopted the rules with out objection. Lawson will probably be first called.

FORCED TO KILL TO PROTECT HERSELF

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
DENVER, January 14.—Rather than drink liquor which her husband tried to force her to drink, Mrs. John Lawrence Smith shot and killed him yesterday with a revolver.

For five hours Mrs. Smith struggled with her husband, who insisted that she should drink and who tried to force the liquor upon her. At the end of the struggle, when it became apparent that she could no longer successfully resist, she killed him.

The killing was the climax of a sensational career on the part of Mrs. Smith. She was formerly the wife of William Moore, one of the leading lawyers of Denver. The couple were divorced and Mrs. Moore married Smith, who had been her chauffeur.

AMERICAN FLIERS LOST IN MEXICO

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—Lieut. Col. Harry G. Bishop of the Eighth Field Artillery and Signal Corps aviation school, and Lieut. William A. Robertson of the cavalry, also of the aviation school, have been lost since Wednesday from San Diego.

In an airplane, they flew southward from San Diego and landed in Mexico, one hundred miles south of the border. They were forced to land, it is reported. The war department has sent a message to General Bell and rescuers have been sent out, consisting of detachments of Americans, civilians and Mexican cavalry. The two fliers had five days' provisions, it is believed.

JUMP COMPLETES THE FIRST LAP TO HAWAII

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—J. W. Jump and family, in addition to a number of angling friends, arrived here yesterday on his forty-foot power boat, the Sea Scout, from San Diego. The Angelinos are on their way to Honolulu. Mr. Jump will spend several months fishing in Hawaiian waters.

Mr. Jump closed arrangements yesterday with the Matson Navigation company to ship his boat in one of their steamers to Honolulu. The Sea Scout will be taken to Honolulu in the Matson, leaving here next Tuesday and arriving at its destination on January 23.

The owner of the Sea Scout, his family and friends will leave in the same steamer. Jump has angled in Hawaiian waters before, and he says there are no better fishing grounds anywhere in the world.

AUSTRIAN DESTITUTE IN DESPERATE STRAITS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, January 14.—Advices from Vienna via Amsterdam say that a burgomaster has received a letter saying that the wives of thousands of railway employees called to the colors are in a "deplorable condition. Their distress is frightful and the children are pining away from hardships."

CHARGE BRITISH WITH INHUMANITY

Submarine Survivor Declares Again That Effort Was Made To Destroy Whole Crew

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, January 14.—In an official report issued here yesterday the German government made public the report of Lieutenant Crompton, a survivor of the German submarine U-11 which was sunk September 21, 1915.

This report corroborates previous charges made by the German admiralty, which said that "the circumstances of the sinking of the submarine and the subsequent treatment of the two men were a deliberate attempt to eliminate the only German eye-witness of the affair."

Lieutenant Crompton in his report charges that the submarine was sunk by a British vessel flying the American flag and that after having sent the unharmed boat to the bottom, the British vessel tried to ram and sink the life-boat in which he had escaped. Crompton was wounded in the neck and eye and alleges that he was badly treated in the British hospital to which he was taken.

BOPP FIRED BY GERMAN EMBASSY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, January 14.—The German embassy at Washington is believed to have sent a message in cipher to the German consulate here relieving Consul-General Franz Bopp and Vice-Consul E. H. von Schack from office as a result of their conviction, with associates, on the charge of having conspired to blow up trains and ships carrying munitions to the Allies, thus violating U. S. neutrality. It is reported that Ambassador von Bernstorff has notified the secretary of state that he has retired Bopp and his assistants.

Yesterday it was learned that Bopp had received an official notification of his "temporary removal," and it is understood this was directed from Berlin.

CONDEMNED MAN NOT YET NOTIFIED

Korean Murderer Nervous, However, When Death Watch Is Put Over Him

Yee Yo Keuk will be hanged January 26. Governor Pinkham signed the death warrant yesterday. As usual in executions of capital sentences, the man will be put to death on Friday. The man will be fixed soon after eight o'clock in the morning.

Although the warrant had not been received by High Sheriff William Jarrett yesterday afternoon, probably being in the mails at the time, and Yee Yo Keuk had not been notified formally of having less than thirteen days to live, he seemed to have an apprehension of the truth. He was more nervous than he had been.

He may have overheard a fragment of conversation yesterday morning, or may have taken fright from two slight changes in the customary routine of the prison. Instead of being taken from his cell for a bath, as he had been prior to yesterday, he was kept in his cell, inasmuch as Sheriff Jarrett wished to give him no opportunities for suicide; and the guard, instead of merely being in the corridor on which Yee's cell is situated, stood almost motionless between his cell and that of a Chinese condemned to death. These changes were significant, and Yee may have deduced the truth from them.

BABY BOY WANDERED OFF, ALARMED PARENTS

Eight-year-old Isamu Onaka, who has been missing from a Japanese boarding school in Kakaako since Friday morning, was returned to the school yesterday afternoon. He had wandered into Kalihi valley, at least two miles beyond the Kamehameha Schools, Japanese of the valley cared for him Friday night. Boy Scouts searched for him, and, after they had gone to Kalihi Valley, a telephone message was received that he had been found.

IDOL WASHED INTO GULCH GRABBED UP

That J. J. Star, of Honolulu, had bought a Hawaiian idol is news from Maui. Policeman Joe Mitchell found it on the beach at Maliko Gulch on Tuesday and sold it to Star for fifteen dollars. It is about two and one-half feet in height and is the characteristic idol of Hawaii. It was believed to have been washed down Maliko stream from the place where it had been lying for years.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure blind, bleeding, itching or protruding PILES in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. Manufactured by the TAKIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

BRITISH TAKE MORE GROUND ON THE ANCRE

Launch Fresh Attacks and Gain Important Positions — Berlin Despatches Admit the Loss of Ground On the West Front

BULGAR DEFENSE IS APPARENTLY BREAKING

Fierce Battling in Moldavia, With Advantages For the Day Even — Germans Gain On the East and Lose on the West

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, January 14.—While the greater part of the news regarding the fighting on the western front comes by way of Berlin, it is evident that the British from the Ancre to the Yser are continuing their onslaughts against the German lines with systematic success.

On the Serre the British have launched a new attack, gaining ground and taking prisoners and supplies, the positions wrested from the Germans being important. This is admitted in the Berlin despatches, which admit more than is claimed in the news sent out from London. In the Ancre valley there has been bitter fighting, British infantry following up the destruction wrought by their guns and making headway against the German machine gun defense.

BULGARS BREAK DOWN

The Bulgarian resistance to the advance of the Entente forces in Macedonia appears to have broken down, the news from that theater of war being that the British, French and Serbians are advancing practically unopposed along many sections of their front, the Bulgars and Turks abandoning their positions as the Allies sweep forward.

On the Italian-Austrian fronts, both in the Carso and in the Trentino, there have been violent artillery duels without infantry actions.

EVEN BREAK IN RUMANIA

Berlin announces further successes along the Rumanian line, which advances, however, appear to be offset by Rumanian advances elsewhere. The Germans have gained ground along the eastern section of the Moldavian front, at the junction of the Sereth River and the Danube, taking the town of Mihalea by storm. Four hundred of the garrison were taken prisoners and a large number of others, attempting to escape, were drowned in the Sereth River.

Along the Moldavian frontier, however, the Rumanians, who have been leaving much of the recent fighting to the Russians, while their ranks were being reorganized, urged against the invaders, driving some of the columns back with heavy losses. In the region of the Casino River the Germans suffered particularly heavy losses.

SENATE CONSIDERS RAILROAD LEGISLATION

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, January 14.—The senate committee on interstate commerce is considering arbitration legislation which will supplant the Adamson "Eight-hour" Bill. It has developed that it is improbable the committee will approve a bill restraining the employer from striking or the employer from forcing out any employee pending an investigation. It is said that efforts are likely to be centered on a bill providing for an investigation of disputes, without restraint to strike or lockout.

GERMANS EXPLAIN SINKING OF TRIPEL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, January 14.—The German government yesterday transmitted through Ambassador Gerard a note to Washington concerning the sinking of the Norwegian steamship Tripel. According to the Overseas News Agency, the note states that the vessel was sunk after it had been ascertained that her cargo of steel and iron was intended for the Italian government.